

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Canceled).

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): An organic electroluminescent display comprising:
a substrate; and

a first organic electroluminescent device part and a second organic electroluminescent device part placed side by side on a surface of the substrate;

the first organic electroluminescent device part including at least a light reflective conductive layer, a first inorganic compound layer, an organic luminescent medium layer, and a transparent electrode layer in this order and including a light reflective layer inside or outside of the organic luminescent medium layer or the transparent electrode layer;

the second organic electroluminescent device part including at least a light reflective conductive layer, a first inorganic compound layer, a second inorganic compound layer, an organic luminescent medium layer, and a transparent electrode layer in this order and including a light reflective layer inside or outside of the organic luminescent medium layer or the transparent electrode layer;

the second inorganic compound layer being able to be etched more easily than the first inorganic compound layer;

~~at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer having been subjected to crystallization treatment;~~ and

an emission spectrum of light from the first organic electroluminescent device part differing from an emission spectrum of light from the second organic electroluminescent device part.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): An organic electroluminescent display comprising:
a substrate; and

a first organic electroluminescent device part, a second organic electroluminescent device part, and a third organic electroluminescent device part placed side by side on a single surface of the substrate;

the first organic electroluminescent device part including at least a light reflective conductive layer, an organic luminescent medium layer, and a transparent electrode layer in this order and including a light reflective layer inside or outside of the organic luminescent medium layer or the transparent electrode layer;

the second organic electroluminescent device part including at least a light reflective conductive layer, a first inorganic compound layer, an organic luminescent medium layer, and a transparent electrode layer in this order and including a light reflective layer inside or outside of the organic luminescent medium layer or the transparent electrode layer;

the third organic electroluminescent device part including at least a light reflective conductive layer, a first inorganic compound layer, a second inorganic compound layer, an organic luminescent medium layer, and a transparent electrode layer in this order and including a light reflective layer inside or outside of the organic luminescent medium layer or the transparent electrode layer;

the second inorganic compound layer being able to be etched more easily than the first inorganic compound layer;

~~at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer having been subjected to crystallization treatment;~~ and

emission spectra of light from the first, second, and third organic electroluminescent device parts differing from one another.

Claims 4-5 (Canceled).

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, wherein the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer include an inorganic oxide, and crystallinity of the first inorganic compound layer is higher than crystallinity of the second inorganic compound layer.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim [[6]] 2, wherein the first inorganic compound layer is crystalline, and the second inorganic compound layer is noncrystalline.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 6, wherein at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer includes an oxide of an element selected from the group consisting of In, Sn, Zn, Ce, Sm, Pr, Nb, Tb, Cd, Ga, Al, Mo, and W.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 6, wherein at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer includes an oxide of an element selected from the group consisting of In, Sn, and Zn.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, wherein the light reflective conductive layer includes a metal selected from the group consisting of Al, Ag, Au, Pt, Cu, Mg, Cr, Mo, W, Ta, Nb, Li, Mn, Ca, Yb, Ti, Ir, Be,

Hf, Eu, Sr, Ba, Cs, Na, and K, or an alloy containing at least one metal selected from the group.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, wherein the light reflective layer includes one, or two or more metal elements selected from the group consisting of Al, Ag, Au, Pt, Cu, Mg, Cr, Mo, W, Ta, Nb, Li, Mn, Ca, Yb, Ti, Ir, Be, Hf, Eu, Sr, Ba, Cs, Na, and K.

Claim 12 (Canceled).

Claim 13 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, further comprising a color filter.

Claim 14 (Canceled).

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): A method of producing the organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, the method comprising:

selecting, as a material of a second inorganic layer, a material that has a lower crystallinity than a crystallinity of a first inorganic compound layer; and

forming the second inorganic compound layer by wet etching after forming the first inorganic compound layer.

Claims 16-21 (Canceled).

Claim 22 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, wherein the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer include an inorganic oxide, and crystallinity of the first inorganic compound layer is higher than crystallinity of the second inorganic compound layer.

Claim 23 (Currently Amended): The organic[[:]] electroluminescent display according to claim [[22]] 3, wherein the first inorganic compound layer is crystalline, and the second inorganic compound layer is noncrystalline.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 22, wherein at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer includes an oxide of an element selected from the group consisting of In, Sn, Zn, Ce, Sm, Pr, Nb, Tb, Cd, Ga, Al, Mo, and W.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 22, wherein at least one of the first inorganic compound layer and the second inorganic compound layer includes an oxide of an element selected from the group consisting of In, Sn, and Zn.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, wherein the light reflective conductive layer includes a metal selected from the group consisting of Al, Ag, Au, Pt, Cu, Mg, Cr, Mo, W, Ta, Nb, Li, Mn, Ca, Yb, Ti, Ir, Be, Hf, Eu, Sr, Ba, Cs, Na, and K, or an alloy containing at least one metal selected from the group.

Claim 27 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, wherein the light reflective layer includes one, or two or more metal elements selected from the group consisting of Al, Ag, Au, Pt, Cu, Mg, Cr, Mo, W, Ta, Nb, Li, Mn, Ca, Yb, Ti, Ir, Be, Hf, Eu, Sr, Ba, Cs, Na, and K.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, further comprising a color filter.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): A method of producing the organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, the method comprising:

selecting, as a material of a second inorganic layer, a material that has a lower crystallinity than a crystallinity of a first inorganic compound layer; and

forming the second inorganic compound layer by wet etching after forming the first inorganic compound layer.

Claim 30 (New): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 2, wherein the first inorganic compound layer comprises indium tin oxide and the second inorganic compound layer comprises indium zinc oxide.

Claim 31 (New): The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 3, wherein the first inorganic compound layer comprises indium tin oxide and the second inorganic compound layer comprises indium zinc oxide.